# Environmental Product Declaration





In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

# WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®

from

#### **NMC**



Programme: The International EPD® System, <u>www.environdec.com</u>

Programme operator: EPD International AB

Type of EPD: EPD of multiple products, based on worst-case results

EPD registration number: EPD-IES-0026368:001

Version date: 2025-12-03 Validity date: 2030-12-02

An EPD may be updated or depublished if conditions change. To find the latest version of the EPD and to confirm its validity, see www.environdec.com







#### **General information**

	Programme Information								
Programme:	The International EPD® System								
Address:	EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden								
Website:	www.environdec.com								
E-mail:	support@environdec.com								

#### **Product Category Rules (PCR)**

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)

**Product Category Rules (PCR):** PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES PCR 2019:14 VERSION 2.0.1 CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS; UN CPC code: 369 (3695)

**PCR review was conducted by:** The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. The review panel may be contacted via <a href="mailto:info@environdec.com">info@environdec.com</a>. Chair of the PCR review: Rob Rouwette (chair), Noa Meron (co-chair). The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact

Third-party Verification
Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:
☑ Individual EPD verification without a pre-verified LCA/EPD tool
Third-party individual verifier: Matthew Fishwick, Fishwick Environmental Ltd
Approved by: International EPD System
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:
☐ Yes

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but published in different EPD programmes, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they shall be based on the same PCR (including the same first-digit version number) or be based on fully aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have identical scope in terms of included life-cycle stages (unless the excluded life-cycle stage is demonstrated to be insignificant); apply identical impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.





#### INFORMATION ABOUT EPD OWNER

Owner of the EPD:

NMC sa

Address:

NMC sa Gert-Noël-Strasse 4731 Eynatten Belgium

Contact:

info@nmc.eu

#### <u>Description of the organisation:</u>

NMC is a leading, growth-oriented international company specializing in synthetic foams. For more than 70 years, the company has put customers and people at the heart of its actions, identifying more and more products and solutions that contribute to comfort and protection for a better life. Some 1,650 employees at 22 sites currently serve customers in 120 countries. NMC is active in the following sectors: solutions for industries, technical insulation, protective packaging, decorative design elements, underlays for floating floors and sport and leisure.

Product-related or management system-related certifications:

The production site is certified ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 14001:2015 certified.

#### **EPD Type**

This EPD for several products is based on the worst-case results for the product group (WD4HD BLACK). The raw materials and manufacturing methods are identical. The dimensions and the density of the product delivered varies slightly.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product name:

WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®

Product identification:

Brand: NOËL & MARQUET Assortment: WALLSTYL® Profiles

Visual representation of the product





WALLSTYL® WD4HD

UN CPC code:

369 (3695)





#### Product description:

Use the sleek WD4HD WALLSTYL® as a standalone chair rail or to design unique interior features. The WD4HD moldings can be used to create bespoke paneling, frames or to divide sections. The black color can help create strong contrasts with brighter walls or bring a subtle balance to darker surroundings. Enhance a wall or ceiling with the timeless and minimalistic WD4HD. A strong shape and smooth edges produce a sophisticated finish, to highlight the standard of an interior.

Cubic, robust and versatile. The FT2 BLACK skirting serves as a reminder of the strengths of minimal design with a contemporary twist, the all-black finish. The uncomplicated and assured design makes this element appropriate for any room in any type of interior. As a fine and slick element, the black skirting can help create strong contrasts with brighter walls or bring a subtle balance to darker surroundings. (More information on https://noel-marquet.net/en/documents)

#### Name and location of production site:

NMC sa Gert-Noël-Strasse B-4731 Eynatten

#### Geographical scope:

The raw materials are sourced in Europe, the product is manufactured in Belgium and marketed, used and disposed of in Europe.

#### **CONTENT DECLARATION**

The mass (weight) per declared unit:

0,322 kg/m (declared unit) worst-case product.

Product components	Mass (kg per declared unit)	Post-consumer material, mass-% (% per declared unit)	Biogenic material, kg C / declared unit		
Polymer (Polystyrene)	0,106	0	0		
Internal recycled polystyrene*	0,032	0	0		
External recycled polystyrene (PCR)	0,169	52,5	0		
Various additives (pigments, foaming and processing agents,)	0,015	0	0		
TOTAL	0,322	52,5	0		
Packaging materials	Mass (kg per declared unit)	Mass-% (versus the product)	Biogenic material, kg C / declared unit		
Cardboard	0,020	6,1	0,008		
Plastic film	0,001	0,2	0,000		
Wooden Pallet	0,011	3,5	0,005		
TOTAL	0,032	9,8	0,013		

<sup>\*</sup> Internal recycled polystyrene = Pre-consumer scrap reprocessed and reused on-site during manufacturing





1 kg biogenic carbon in the product/packaging is equivalent to the uptake of 44/12 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>.

Note: Packaging varies from one item to another; in the table above, the packaging values indicated are a weighted average based on the production quantities of the various items.

#### **REACH-Regulated Substances and Safety Information**

In accordance with Article 33(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, suppliers of articles containing SVHCs published in the official ECHA Candidate List in concentrations above 0,1% w/w must provide their customers with sufficient information to allow safe use of the article, including at least the name of the substance.

The articles listed in Annex I of this communication do not contain Candidate List substances (latest update 25.06.2025) in concentrations above 0,1% w/w and are therefore not subject to proactive notification. Hence, we do not make a communication under Article 33 of the REACH Regulation. Therefore, we are not required to notify any articles in the ECHA SCIP database. Furthermore, based on current information from our upstream suppliers, we hereby declare that the references provided do not contain any substances listed in Annex XIV, i.e. substances subject to authorization, and that we comply with the restrictions under Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation. (Documents)

Annex I: WALLSTYL®

#### LCA INFORMATION

#### Declared unit:

1 meter of WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® (600 kg/m³, 322 g/m, height 58 mm, width 12 mm) (used as chair rail and skirting).

#### Product lifespan:

50 years

#### Time representativeness:

The complete reference year used for the plant production data is 2024.

#### Geographical and temporal representativeness of primary data

The primary data collected relating to the manufacture of the product studied are representative of production in 2024 for the NMC Belgium site. The electricity mix used in the model is a specific process based on the Belgian grid mix, but adapted to the only green electricity produced, since NMC Belgium buys its electricity with a certificate of origin guaranteeing that it is produced entirely from renewable energy sources. This process has a GWP impact of 0.0167 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e/kWh (59,5% nuclear, 2,3% hydro, 8,8% photovoltaic, 5,7% biomass, 1,8% biogas and 22% Wind power).

#### Database(s) and LCA software used:

The LCA and results were calculated using LCA for Expert 10.9 and its content version 2024. Some of the data used comes from the ECOINVENT 3.10 database in the cut-off version.

#### Description of system boundaries:

Cradle-to-gate with options, modules C1-C4, module D and optional modules A4, A5, and B.





#### Cut-off Criteria for the Exclusion of Inputs and Outputs:

In compliance with the rules in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, 6.3.6, the cut-off criteria are 1% of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and 1% of the total mass input of a unit process. All known inputs and outputs were included. Data gaps were filled with conservative assumptions and generic data. The neglected input flows are each below 1% of the total mass or the total impact of primary energy. In total, they constitute less than 5% of the overall mass or 5% of the total energy.

Workshop cleaning, the administrative department, employee transport, manufacturing and heavy maintenance of production equipment have been omitted from the boundaries of the system in accordance with standard EN 15804. Offcuts generated during installation are landfilled.

#### Allocation methods:

During the production process, pre-consumer scrap (e.g., off-cuts, process waste) is generated. This scrap is not discarded but reprocessed internally and reused in the manufacturing of products covered by this EPD, while another portion may be used for other products outside its scope. Scrap reused within this product system is considered part of the main process, so no allocation is applied. For scrap used in other product systems in accordance with PCR 2019:14 v2.0.1, section 4.5.3, an economic allocation method has been applied to assign a portion of the environmental burden to internally recycled material, reflecting its value and contribution to new products.

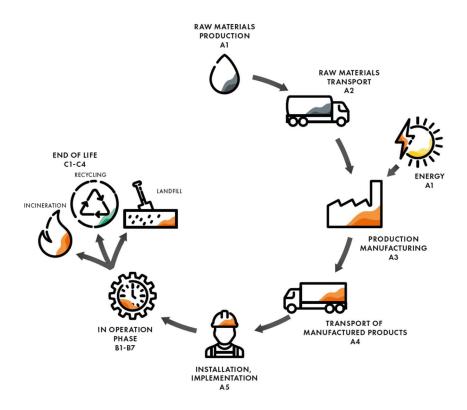
The product includes both internal recycling and post-consumer scrap. Post-consumer scrap enters the system burden-free under the cut-off approach. Internal recycling covers collection, reprocessing (e.g., grinding, melting), and reintegration into production, based on Sphera data and internal information. Pre-consumer scrap from other systems carries the environmental burden allocated from the previous system using economic allocation. The modelling approach is consistent with EN 15804+A2 and the applicable PCR. The cut-off end-of-life allocation approach is applied for materials leaving the product system for recycling (in module C3). Site-level processes are allocated to products based on production mass.

As recycled material contributes more than 10% to the GWP-GHG results of modules A1–A3, its GWP-GHG intensity is declared for pre-consumer scrap: <10 kg CO<sub>2</sub> eq./ton, calculated according to EN 15804+A2 Climate Change Total and based on LCA for Experts V 2025.1 database. The low impact of pre-consumer scrap is due to internal recycling using renewable electricity and minimal resources.





#### Process flow diagram:



#### - Production stage, A1- A3:

This stage considers the extraction, production and transport of raw materials, the production of energy consumed on site, the manufacture of WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®, its packaging and storage prior to shipment and delivery. The treatment of waste leaving the plant is a mix of recycling and incineration.

#### - A1 Raw materials supply

This module takes into account the supply and processing of raw materials and the energies generated upstream of the manufacturing process.

#### - A2 Transport to manufacturing site

This module takes into account road transport. Vehicles used in the modelling: Euro 0-6 diesel mix freight truck with a loading capacity of 27 tons. The truck loading rate for raw materials has been estimated at 50%.

#### - A3 Production

The manufacture of WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® involve incorporating the formulation ingredients into an extruder, adding a foaming agent, mixing, heating and then extruding the mixture through a die where foaming takes place. The product is then water-cooled before being cut to size, packaged, and stored.

#### - A4 transport

This step models the transport of WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® from the production site to the building site.





Scenario information	Value	Unit
Vehicle type	Truck-trailer, Euro 0 - 6 mix POCP adapted	n/a
Fuel type	Diesel	n/a
Distance	1555	km
Fill rate mass payload capacity	20	%
Gross vehicle weight	34 - 40t gross weight / 27t payload capacity	t

#### - A5 Installation

WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® is installed by hand and requires no special tools apart from a manual mitre saw and glue. Auxiliary inputs have not been included in the lifecycle analysis because they are below the cut-off limit. In addition, as each end-user works differently, it has been decided that it is up to the end-user to calculate the environmental impact of these complementary products for the application, as this is customer-specific data. Based on data from the European Paper Recycling Council, it is assumed that the cardboard packaging delivered to the site is partly recycled, while the remainder is incinerated. The figures used are 79.3% recycled and 20.7% incinerated. The 2% of waste generated during installation and the plastic packaging are considered to be sent to landfill. Single-use wooden pallets are considered untreated wood and are sent to the incinerator at a waste incineration plant.

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Auxiliary inputs for installation	Excluded as below cut-off criteria	kg
Water use	Not applicable	m³
Use of other resources	Not applicable	kg
Quantitative description of energy type (regional mix) and consumption during installation process	Not applicable	kWh or MJ
Material waste on construction site prior to treatment of waste generated by product installation (specified by type)	The 2% loss criterion has been adopted, which is equivalent to 0,0064 kg per m of WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® placed.	kg
Outgoing materials (specified by type) generated by waste processing on the construction site, e.g. collection for recycling, energy recovery, disposal (specified by route)	Construction site waste is considered to be sent to landfill (0,006 kg).  Cardboard packaging is considered to be sent to a recycling centre (0,016 kg), and 0,004 kg is sent to incineration. The other packaging components, such as the pallet and LDPE packaging film, are also sent to incineration, with respective masses of 0,011 kg and 0,001 kg.	kg
Direct emissions into ambient air, soil and water	Not applicable	kg

- Life stage in use, B1-B7





Once installed, WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® requires no maintenance or repair. It is dismantled at the end of the building's life or removed when no longer required. In addition, the product undergoes no modification or degradation throughout its entire life cycle. For these reasons, there is no impact on modules B1 to B7.

#### - End-of-life stage, C1-C4

#### - C1 Deconstruction, demolition

As with product installation, disassembly is manual and requires no special equipment. Consequently, there is no impact associated with this module.

#### - C2 Transport

The choice of transport for the end-of-life stage was that of truck with a Euro 0-6 diesel mix engine and a loading capacity of 27 tons. Diesel consumption of 38 liters per 100 km. The average distance between the dismantling site and the treatment center (incinerator and landfill) was estimated at 50 km.

- C3 Treatment of waste for reuse, recovery and/or recycling and C4 disposal.

WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® end of life has been modelled and based on a study of the treatment of plastic waste from the construction industry in Europe by Plasticseurope.org. The ratio used according to this study for polystyrene plastics is 7% sent for mechanical recycling, 64% disposed of in an incinerator with energy recovery, and 29% landfilled as non-hazardous waste.

Scenario information	Value and Unit
Collecting process	Manual disassembly
Type-specified recovery system	0,023 kg of foam for recycling and 0,206 kg of foam for energy recovery
Disposal specified by type	0,093 kg for final disposal
Scenario assumptions	Transport over 50 km

#### - Module D

A benefit beyond the boundaries of the system is the recovery of energy generated from the incineration of waste at end-of-life. In the LCA end-of-life calculation, there is no gain for landfill; the gains in energy recovered during incineration and the avoidance of the use of new materials during recycling have been taken into account by the Sphera software and are accounted for in module D. For recycling, burdens associated with the recycling process are included, and quality adjustment factors are applied according to PCR 2019:14 v2.0.1. Net scrap is calculated as output scrap minus input scrap. For incineration, the energy content of the material is considered, and efficiency factors for heat and electricity recovery are applied. Datasets for avoided products (e.g., virgin PS, or paper, electricity and heat) are taken from the GaBi database.

#### More information:

Name and contact information of LCA practitioner: Alain Baltus NMC sa Gert-Noël-Strasse B-4731 Eynatten <a href="mailto:info@nmc.eu">info@nmc.eu</a>

WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® is manufactured at NMC's Belgian site. For the LCA calculation, all elementary input processes as well as all energy and water inputs and waste outputs





were considered. This EPD only includes environmental impacts linked to the product itself, such as material losses and packaging disposal.

Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and data variation (in GWP-GHG results):

	Pro	duct s	tage	prod	ruction cess ige			Us	se sta	ge			End of life stage			Resource recovery stage	
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	В1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Modules declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	х
Geography	EU 27	EU 27	BE	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27	EU 27
Share of specific data	4,6%				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Variation – products	-14,6%			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites	N/A	(single	site)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: X = Modules declared, ND = Modules not declared

The share of primary data is calculated based on GWP-GHG results. It is a simplified indicator for data quality that supports the use of more primary data, to increase the representativeness of and comparability between EPDs. Note that the indicator does not capture all relevant aspects of data quality and is not comparable across product categories.

#### Overview of Data Quality and Primary Data Contribution (A1-A3)

Process	Source type	Source	Reference year	Data category	Share of primary data, of GWP- GHG results for A1-A3
Polystyrene granulate (PS)	Database	LCA for Expert V 2025.1	2024	Secondary data	0%
Polystyrene high impact granulate (HI-PS)	Database	LCA for Expert V 2025.1	2024	Secondary data	0%
Plastic granulate secondary	Database	LCA for Expert V 2025.1	2024	Secondary data	0%





BE: Electricity Green	Company data	LCA for Expert V 2025.1	2021	Primary data	1,3%
BE: Electricity from photovoltaic Sphera		LCA for Expert V 2025.1	2021	Primary data	0,3%
BE: Thermal energy from natural gas Sphera	Company data	LCA for Expert V 2025.1	2021	Primary data	3,1%
Total share of primar	4,6%				

Although various polystyrene contributes significantly to the GWP-GHG results for module A1-A3, only secondary data from a recognized database (LCA for Expert V 2025.1) was available.

#### **Data Quality Assessment Summary**

In accordance with the requirements of Section A.5.4 of the GPI 5.0, a data quality assessment was conducted for all datasets used in the life cycle assessment (LCA) of the product. All data are secondary, originating from recognized LCA databases. At present, obtaining primary data directly from suppliers remains very challenging.

The overall assessment of data quality yielded the following average scores (1 = very good, 5 = very poor):

Temporal representativeness: 1,5 Geographical representativeness: 1,9 Technological representativeness: 1,9

These scores reflect the current limitations in data availability and supplier access. Nevertheless, the selected datasets are considered sufficiently representative for the intended use of the EPD and comply with the transparency requirements of the PCR and GPI.





#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE**

# LCA results of the products - main environmental performance results

#### Mandatory impact category indicators according to EN 15804

For the characterization factors (CF) to be used, EN 15804 refers to the "EN 15804 reference package" available at the JRC webpage. In February 2023, this reference package was updated to be based on the EF 3.1 package for CFs to be used in the PEF framework. For this EPD, the EN 15804 reference package based on EF 3.1 is being used.

	R	esults per	Declared u	nit 1-meter	WD4HD B	LACK and	FT2 BLACK	( WALLST)	/L®	
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP- total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	4,53E-01	1,06E-01	6,43E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,48E-03	7,01E-01	2,83E-03	-3,16E-01
GWP- fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	5,16E-01	1,05E-01	7,85E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,47E-03	7,01E-01	2,82E-03	-3,15E-01
GWP- biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	-6,35E-02	0,00E+00	6,35E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,04E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
GWP- luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	5,17E-04	1,08E-03	1,33E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,50E-05	1,84E-05	7,72E-06	-3,78E-04
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	1,85E-10	1,74E-14	3,38E-15	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,42E-16	1,23E-13	9,62E-15	-2,58E-12
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	9,00E-04	1,62E-04	5,62E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,12E-06	7,14E-05	1,68E-05	-3,89E-04
EP- freshwater	kg P eq.	1,79E-06	2,82E-07	1,47E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,94E-09	5,90E-08	1,57E-06	-3,06E-07
EP- marine	kg N eq.	2,52E-04	6,77E-05	1,91E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,67E-07	1,63E-05	3,64E-06	-1,10E-04
EP- terrestrial	mol N eq.	2,72E-03	7,07E-04	2,05E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,01E-06	3,20E-04	3,97E-05	-1,23E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	8,39E-04	1,49E-04	5,96E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,93E-06	4,70E-05	1,15E-05	-3,30E-04
ADP- minerals& metals*	kg Sb eq.	1,54E-07	6,96E-09	4,96E-11	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,71E-11	1,94E-09	1,92E-10	-2,97E-08
ADP- fossil*	MJ	1,51E+01	1,34E+00	1,17E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,87E-02	1,65E-01	4,67E-02	-6,11E+00
WDP*	m³	7,34E-02	4,78E-04	2,10E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,68E-06	5,75E-02	3,47E-04	-3,23E-02
								. 014/0.1		

Acronyms

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks.

<sup>\*</sup> Disclaimer 1: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.





Disclaimer 2: The results of the end-of-life stage (modules C1-C4) should be considered when using the results of the product stage (modules A1-A3).

#### Additional mandatory and voluntary impact category indicators

	Results per Declared unit 1-meter WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®											
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP- GHG <sup>1</sup>	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	5,16E-01	1,06E-01	7,86E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,48E-03	7,01E-01	2,83E-03	-3,16E-01		

#### Resource use indicators

	F	Results per	Declared u	nit 1-meter	WD4HD B	LACK and	FT2 BLACK	( WALLST)	<b>′L</b> ®	
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	4,12E+00	1,01E-01	3,35E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,41E-03	7,39E-02	7,79E-03	-1,57E+00
PERM	MJ	3,32E-01	0,00E+00	-3,32E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	MJ	4,45E+00	1,01E-01	2,21E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,41E-03	7,39E-02	7,79E-03	-1,57E+00
PENRE	MJ	2,78E+00	1,34E+00	1,17E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,87E-02	1,65E-01	4,67E-02	-6,11E+00
PENRM	MJ	1,24E+01	0,00E+00	-8,18E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,15E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	MJ	1,51E+01	1,34E+00	-8,06E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,87E-02	-1,14E+01	4,67E-02	-6,11E+00
SM	kg	1,69E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	3,75E-03	4,99E-05	4,96E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,97E-07	1,37E-03	1,02E-05	-1,41E-03
Acronyms	renewable non-renew renewable	e primary energ vable primary e e primary energ	y resources us energy excludir yy resources us	sed as raw mat ng non-renewal sed as raw mat	erials; PERT = ble primary end erials; PENRT	Total use of rergy resources	enewable prim used as raw r non-renewabl	s raw materials ary energy res naterials; PENI e primary ener condary fuels;	ources; PENR RM = Use of n gy re-sources;	E = Use of on- SM = Use of

The option for separating primary energy use into energy used as a raw material and energy used as an energy carrier is option A of PCR 2019:14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This indicator accounts for all greenhouse gases except biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. As such, the indicator is identical to GWP-total except that the CF for biogenic CO2 is set to zero.





#### **Waste indicators**

	Results per Declared unit 1-meter WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	3,46E-08	5,38E-11	3,81E-12	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,51E-13	2,77E-09	1,04E-11	-3,07E-09
Non- hazardous waste disposed	kg	3,12E-02	1,87E-04	9,93E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,61E-06	4,90E-03	9,30E-02	-2,68E-03
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	1,18E-03	2,53E-06	3,44E-07	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,53E-08	1,65E-05	6,73E-07	-3,59E-04

# **Output flow indicators**

	Results per Declared unit 1-meter WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00								
Material for recycling	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,55E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,25E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,60E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,06E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0,00E+00								
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0,00E+00								

### Additional environmental impact indicators

	Results per Declared unit 1-meter WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL®									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	<b>A</b> 5	B1-B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Particulate matter	Diseas e incide nces	1,02E-08	1,41E-09	4,57E-11	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,93E-11	4,40E-10	1,73E-10	-3,23E-09
lonising radiation, human health	kBq U235 eq.	1,00E-01	3,63E-04	5,28E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,07E-06	2,71E-03	9,03E-05	-5,91E-02
Ecotoxicity, freshwater	CTUe	6,78E+00	1,74E+00	1,27E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,43E-02	4,61E-02	1,07E-01	-1,27E+00





Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	1,69E-10	2,35E-11	3,57E-13	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,28E-13	5,16E-12	1,47E-12	-6,32E-11
Human toxicity, non- cancer	CTUh	3,20E-09	1,31E-09	1,80E-11	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,83E-11	5,24E-11	2,61E-11	-1,03E-09
Land Use	-	5,32E+00	5,92E-01	2,26E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,27E-03	5,53E-02	7,22E-03	-9,24E-01

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator "Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235". This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure, or radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators "abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources", "abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources", "water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption", "potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems", "potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic", "Potential comparative toxic unit for humans – not cancerogenic", "potential soil quality index". The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high as there is limited experience with the indicator.

#### Complementary End-of-Life Scenarios (100%)

weighted water consumption

For the additional end-of-life scenarios (100% incineration, 100% recycling, 100% landfill), only the mandatory impact indicators defined by EN 15804+A2 are reported.

Results per Decla	red Unit 1 m of WD4HI	D BLACK and FT2	BLACK WALLSTY	L® End of life 10	00% Recycling
Indicator	Unit	C2	С3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO₂ eq.	1,48E-03	9,21E-02	0,00E+00	-7,10E-01
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	1,47E-03	9,12E-02	0,00E+00	-7,10E-01
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	0,00E+00	7,28E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
GWP-luluc	kg CO₂ eq.	1,50E-05	1,85E-04	0,00E+00	-1,71E-04
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	2,42E-16	1,24E-12	0,00E+00	-1,05E-12
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	2,12E-06	1,41E-04	0,00E+00	-1,07E-03
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	3,94E-09	7,81E-07	0,00E+00	-9,06E-07
EP- marine	kg N eq.	8,67E-07	3,58E-05	0,00E+00	-2,79E-04
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	9,01E-06	3,97E-04	0,00E+00	-3,04E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	1,93E-06	9,08E-05	0,00E+00	-1,20E-03
ADP-minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	9,71E-11	2,19E-08	0,00E+00	-4,82E-08
ADP-fossil*	MJ	1,87E-02	1,27E+00	0,00E+00	-2,02E+01
WDP*	m <sup>3</sup>	6,68E-06	1,69E-02	0,00E+00	-6,56E-02
Acronyms	GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-				





	ed Unit 1 m of WD4HD				
Indicator	Unit	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO₂ eq.	1,48E-03	1,09E+00	0,00E+00	-4,16E-01
GWP-fossil	kg CO₂ eq.	1,47E-03	1,09E+00	0,00E+00	-4,15E-01
GWP-biogenic	kg CO₂ eq.	0,00E+00	3,03E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
GWP-luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	1,50E-05	8,49E-06	0,00E+00	-5,72E-04
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	2,42E-16	5,62E-14	0,00E+00	-3,91E-12
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	2,12E-06	9,63E-05	0,00E+00	-4,90E-04
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	3,94E-09	6,84E-09	0,00E+00	-3,80E-07
EP- marine	kg N eq.	8,67E-07	2,16E-05	0,00E+00	-1,42E-04
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	9,01E-06	4,57E-04	0,00E+00	-1,58E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	1,93E-06	6,35E-05	0,00E+00	-3,85E-04
ADP-minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	9,71E-11	6,33E-10	0,00E+00	-4,11E-08
ADP-fossil*	MJ	1,87E-02	1,18E-01	0,00E+00	-7,34E+00
WDP*	m <sup>3</sup>	6,68E-06	8,80E-02	0,00E+00	-4,33E-02
	GWP-fossil = Global Warm = Global Warming Potential layer; AP = Acidification po	l land use and land use tential, Accumulated Ex	change; ODP = Depletic ceedance; EP-freshwate	on potential of the strater or = Eutrophication pote	ospheric ozone ential, fraction of

Acronyms

= Global Warming Potential loss in dues, GWP-blogenic - Global Warming Potential blogenic, GWP-blogenic - Global Warming Potential and use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

Results per Decla	ared Unit 1 m of WD4	ID BLACK and FT	2 BLACK WALLST	YL® End of life	100% Landfill
Indicator	Unit	C2	С3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO₂ eq.	1,48E-03	0,00E+00	9,75E-03	0,00E+00
GWP-fossil	kg CO₂ eq.	1,47E-03	0,00E+00	9,72E-03	0,00E+00
GWP-biogenic	kg CO₂ eq.	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
GWP-luluc	kg CO₂ eq.	1,50E-05	0,00E+00	2,66E-05	0,00E+00
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	2,42E-16	0,00E+00	3,32E-14	0,00E+00
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	2,12E-06	0,00E+00	5,79E-05	0,00E+00
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	3,94E-09	0,00E+00	5,43E-06	0,00E+00
EP- marine	kg N eq.	8,67E-07	0,00E+00	1,25E-05	0,00E+00
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	9,01E-06	0,00E+00	1,37E-04	0,00E+00
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	1,93E-06	0,00E+00	3,97E-05	0,00E+00
ADP-minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	9,71E-11	0,00E+00	6,61E-10	0,00E+00
ADP-fossil*	MJ	1,87E-02	0,00E+00	1,61E-01	0,00E+00
WDP*	m³	6,68E-06	0,00E+00	1,20E-03	0,00E+00





Acronyms

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

#### Additional environmental information

WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® product is fully recyclable.

NMC Belgium are certified ISO 9001 and ISO 14001.

NMC has defined its sustainability strategy, keeping a foothold in the present and looking to the future. NMC has thus formalized a new set of guidelines that forms its group-wide sustainability strategy, embedded in the global business strategy. Sustainability goals have therefore been set for 2030, with three focus areas being circularity, decarbonisation, and empowerment.

#### https://nmc.eu/en/downloads/corporate-identity

NMC Belgium is certified according to the system ISCC PLUS and POLYCERT demonstrating the company's commitment to reducing its impact on the environment and using more circular raw materials.

To continue to reduce the environmental impact of the WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® we need to continue to increase our energy efficiency and the switch to more and more renewable energies.

NMC are in addition actively looking for more sustainable sourcing and raw materials as well as more local suppliers to avoid long-distance transport as much as possible.

WD4HD BLACK and FT2 BLACK WALLSTYL® reference included in this EPD and Conversion factors.

Conversion factors: To find out the values of the different impact factors per meter for the different references, multiply the values in the results table by the conversion factor for the desired reference in the table below.

Reference list of WALLSTYL® WD4HD and FT2o black	gr/m	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Conversion factor
A DESY CRai WD4/244 HD RAL 9011 Brushed	322	58	12	2440	1,000
A DESY Skir FT2o RAL 9011 Brus/320 115,2	275	58	13	3200	0,854

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

Abbreviation	Definition
General Abbreviations	
EN	European Norm (Standard)
EF	Environmental Footprint
GPI	General Programme Instructions
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
CEN	European Committee for Standardization
CPC	Central product classification
GHS	Globally harmonized system of classification and labelling of chemicals
GRI	Global Reporting Initiative
SVHC	Substances of Very High Concern
ND	Not Declared
JRC	Joint Research Centre (European Commission)
GWP	Global Warming Potential
GHG	Greenhouse gas
CF	Characterization factors





#### References

General Program Instructions for the International EPD® System. Version 5.0.

#### Product category rules (PCR):

PCR 2019:14 v2.0. Construction Product PCR (EN 15804 : A2)

#### EN 15804

EN 15804:2012-04 + A2 2019: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

#### ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

#### ISO 14040:2006

ISO 14040:2006: Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework

#### ISO 14044:2006

ISO 14044:2006: Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Requirements and guidelines

#### CEN/TR 15941:2010

CEN/TR 15941:2010: Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Methodology for selection and use of generic data.

#### ISO 9001:2015

Quality management systems.

#### ISO 14001:2015

Environmental management systems.

#### EN 1602: 2013

EN 1602: 2013: Thermal insulating products for building applications. Determination of the apparent density

#### ISO 845:2006

ISO 845:2006: Cellular plastics and rubbers — Determination of apparent density

#### ISO 2896:2001

ISO 2896:2001: Rigid cellular plastics — Determination of water absorption

#### Sphera LCA for Experts

Sphera LCA for Experts 10.9 (GaBi) LCA for Experts Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering Copyright © 1992-2023 Sphera Solutions Gmbh Version: 10.9.1.28 DB Schema 8007

#### **Sphera**

Sphera Solutions Gmbh. LCA for Experts 10 LCI documentation. <u>GaBi Databases (sphera.com)</u> + ecoinvent integrated v3.9 database Stuttgart, Echterdingen: Sphera Solutions Gmbh.

#### **Eurostat**

European Statistics: Recovery rates for packaging wastepaper and cardboard packaging for the European Union 27 countries 2014 http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/home

#### CEN/TS 16516:2013

CEN TS 16516/, AgBB/, /ISO 16000-3/, /ISO 16000-6/, /ISO16000-9/, /ISO 16000-11/ Construction products. Assessment of release of dangerous substances. Determination of emissions into indoor air





## **VERSION HISTORY**

Original Version of the EPD, 2025-12-03

